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I. Introduction

Rutgers Biomedical and Health Sciences (RBHS) aspires to be one of the top health sciences institutions in the country. We recognize that what makes an institution great is the quality of its faculty. RBHS is committed to recruiting, retaining and promoting the success of an exceptional and diverse faculty into all of its tracks. We seek to recruit and support diverse faculty and leadership to reflect the demographic composition of local communities and of New Jersey more broadly, including, but not limited to, socioeconomic status, race, ethnicity, language, nationality, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, religion, geography, disability, and age.

This document presents guidelines to realize these goals. It is intended for use by RBHS Departments, Chairs and other faculty supervisors/administrators, and School and Faculty Affairs administrators in the recruitment and onboarding of new faculty. These guidelines apply only to academic appointments within RBHS. Questions related to academic appointments within the other three Rutgers Chancellor units should be directed to the Office of Academic Labor Relations.

RBHS Diversity, Equity and Inclusion Statement

Diversity as a core value of RBHS, embodies inclusiveness, mutual respect, and multiple perspectives and serves as a driver for excellence for achieving equity in health and health care. We embrace and celebrate the multiple dimensions of diversity that each member of our community offers including but not limited to socioeconomic status, race, ethnicity, language, nationality, sex, gender identity/expression, sexual orientation, religion, geography, disability, and age.

Inclusion is a core activity required for successfully achieving excellence through diversity. Inclusion is achieved by nurturing our climate and culture through inclusive research, professional development, education, policy, practice, and interprofessional teamwork.

We are committed to becoming an inclusive learning community that fosters respect, belonging, and value for all with zero tolerance for bias, racism, and other negative ‘isms’. We strive to provide an inclusive academic environment where all members of our community can thrive and achieve their fullest potential. We support community engagement and connections with our local, national, and global communities to advance diversity, equity, and inclusion and eliminate health disparities.
II. Recruitment

A. Recruitment Plan
   The hiring department shall complete the RBHS Faculty Recruitment Plan to outline its needs and the specifications for the position they seek to fill. For all searches, recruitment plans shall be submitted to RBHS Faculty Affairs in advance of launching the search. RBHS Faculty Affairs will forward plans for Tenure Track and Tenure searches to the Office of the Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs for approval. A search may not commence until the plan is approved. Rare exceptions to the search requirement include recruitments of opportunity, spousal appointments, and Chief Residents, and must be approved by the Provosts. Elements of the plan must include

1. Identifying a specific need
   The recruitment plan should describe the function of the position being recruited. It shall indicate whether the position is for a replacement filling a vacancy or if it is a new position.

2. Acquire demographic data from Institutional Research.
   Robert Heffernan, VP for Institutional Research, Planning, and Decision Support (heffernan@irap.rutgers.edu) should be contacted by the department or school faculty affairs office to determine the pool of candidates in a field. A report will be provided with the number of degrees granted in a field, breakdown in terms of diversity including self-identified gender/race/ethnicity, and number of historically underrepresented minorities. The office can also provide additional data on universities that graduate strong numbers of historically underrepresented minorities. The Office of RBHS Faculty Affairs can assist with including similar departmental demographics. This information should be presented in tabular form along with current compositional demographics of the department. You may utilize this data for a year after it is provided. Note: The search plan may be submitted and approved as long as the request for this data has been submitted.

3. The composition of the search committee and how diversity and inclusion will be thoughtfully represented during the search process.

4. Identifying specific funds sources for the position
   Estimate the cost of the position, including the costs for the different salary components, the source of funds for all salary components for the initial two years after the start date, and expected changes in the salary components as the faculty member begins to provide revenue through their academic and clinical missions. Cost and funding source for startup package also needs to be included, if applicable.

5. Creating a position description
   A position description is necessary to clearly outline the position. It should include a description of RBHS, the School, and a summary of the position. The position summary should include:
• the function that will be filled by the new faculty member, including the duties to be performed
• minimum and preferred qualifications required
• minimum level of experience that must be held by the new recruit
• rank and track expected (or possible)
• additional qualifications that may be welcome or desirable
• specific and/or mandated criteria that may need to be included in a position description, including:
  o Non-discrimination Statement (required)
  o Corporate Compliance Responsibilities (mandatory)
  o ADA Physical Demands; checklist here
  o ADA Work Environment; checklist here

6. Identify the places the search will be advertised
   The posting must be placed in outlets that are likely to be accessed by diverse potential applicants, including national and international higher education publications, disciplinary listservs, minority group academic listservs, etc. (see more in Section C below). In addition, a plan for sending recruitment letters to universities must be described.

7. Identifying a timetable for recruitment and appointment
   The plan should include target dates for the assessment of initial candidates and semifinalist pools, planned interview time spans, a realistic timetable for the onboarding process and estimated start date for the new faculty member.

For further guidance on developing the plan, please contact RBHS Faculty Affairs (rbhsfacultyaffairs@ca.rutgers.edu) and/or the RBHS Provosts.

B. Recruitment Strategy
1. Recruitment, Onboarding, and Classification System (ROCS)
   ROCS is the Recruitment Onboarding Classification System that serves as an integrated job-posting and application system.

   While all applicants must submit their applications through ROCS, posting a faculty position in ROCS does not replace the need for the department/school advertising in journals, recruiting websites, reaching out to prospective candidates and to chairs in appropriate departments at other institutions, recruiting at conferences, etc. Rather, the position should be posted in ROCS and all other postings should link to ROCS for submission of applications. This ensures that all candidate applications will be in one location.

   Using ROCS offers several benefits:
   • The ability to run reports on faculty postings and applicant data.
   • Rutgers faculty positions will be located on one job board.
• Applicants will have easier access to information about Rutgers University faculty positions.
• ROCS will provide a link to the posting that may be shared with other job boards.
• ROCS allows review of applicants online and has search committee functionality.

Departments should follow their normal process in getting approval to recruit for faculty positions. ROCS Online Training Resources has guides and instructions to walk through the ROCS process.

Please see Appendix B for requesting access to ROCS.

2. Conduct a national search
National searches help identify the best available candidates and increase the diversity of the pool of candidates. RBHS policy since October 2015 requires faculty searches to be conducted for new appointments for all faculty with unmodified titles at the level of RBHS Instructor or above. Searches for RBHS Lecturers must be done but may be regional.

Rare exceptions to the search requirement include recruitments of opportunity, spousal appointments, or for some members of a team recruitment. These exceptions must be approved by the Provosts.

In exceptional circumstances, schools may request a search waiver from the campus Provost for a terminal appointment without the option for reappointment due to an immediate and unforeseen academic need. This exception may also be applied to Chief Residents who will be appointed as RBHS Instructors for one-year. In this situation, the terminal appointment would be for a minimum term of 12 months but not more than 23 months. If a need remains for the position beyond one year, a full national search must be conducted. The individual appointed with a terminal appointment may compete for the posted position.

The national search should include a broad outreach strategy such as general and discipline-specific publications, professional websites, listservs, professional contacts and letters to Chairs, Division Chiefs or Program Directors at top universities who are in the field of the recruitment, etc. RBHS requires that ads be placed in outlets that are likely to be accessed by diverse potential applicants (which may include national and international higher education publications, disciplinary listservs, minority group academic listservs, etc.) and be indicated on the Faculty Search Form in the ad source column. (see Section C below for more about advertising)

Offers shall be made within one year of the first interview. All requests for faculty offers must include documentation of the search process using the RBHS Faculty Search Completion Form. It must also include a copy of the letter sent to Chairs and Program Directors soliciting applications for the position and a list of those to whom it went.

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1 This includes all faculty 0.5FTE or greater and 0.1 FTE or greater faculty on the Professional Practice track. For RSDM, a search is not required unless the position is greater than 0.8 FTE.
C. Advertising and Publicity

Recruitment advertising is more than posting a vacancy. It is marketing for the position, school, RBHS, and the University. Once a position is posted in ROCS, it will automatically be posted in Higher Education Recruitment Consortium – HERC (www.hercjobs.org), Higher Ed Jobs (www.higheredjobs.com), and Indeed (www.indeed.com).

Schools and units should post job postings on internal posting boards, departmental and School websites, and common area bulletin boards.

As this is a search, not just a selection, process, units should utilize as many of these avenues as possible:

- **Outreach to Colleagues**: Contacting colleagues in the field, internal or external to RBHS and around the country, will help identify a pool of candidates appropriate for the specific field and specialty being targeted. Contacting program leaders at academic institutions is highly encouraged as this is a very effective method for identifying excellent candidates.
- **Target Publications**: Advertising can be posted in publications that are specific to the field from which one is seeking to hire and/or attract members of underrepresented groups. See Section H for a list of places where jobs can be posted.
- **Professional Associations**: Listservs and mailing lists for colleagues in the field and/or underrepresented groups can be another way of advertising openings to a diverse applicant group.
- **Professional Conferences**: Faculty can connect with individuals who may be good candidates for openings.
- **Search Committees**: Members of the search committee are also in a position to contact professional acquaintances at other institutions across the country to identify and encourage additional excellent candidates to apply.

D. Search Committee

Search committees play an important role in recruiting and shaping RBHS faculty. They have the ability to make substantive changes at RBHS and the University by helping to recruit faculty that represent our high standards of excellence.

In addition, the search committee is in a unique position to contribute to and enhance the image of RBHS and the University. While the search committee is evaluating candidates, the candidates are also evaluating the search committee, the department, school, and, ultimately, the institution. In order for candidates to have a positive image of RBHS and the University, the search committee must pay attention to the details of the search process.

University Human Resources (UHR) provides online training on how search committees can utilize ROCS [here](#).
1. Constitution of the Search Committee
Depending on the position and reporting structure, the search committee may be convened by the Chancellor, Dean, Department Chair, Division Chief, or other appropriate school leader, serving as hiring officer. The individual convening the committee may serve on the committee in circumstances where the unit conducting the search has only a few members.

Search committees will generally be comprised of five to nine members. It is recommended that the search committee consist of at least three senior faculty members from the department/institute or ad hoc members appointed to the committee from other related departments/institutes who will interact with the new faculty member. The committee should also include at least one senior faculty from another department/institute. Additional members may be added to the committee when deemed appropriate. The search committee should include faculty who bring a variety of perspectives and an understanding of diversity, equity, and inclusion-related issues. All efforts should be made to include representation from groups underrepresented in the field on the committee. Assembling a committee with diverse perspectives including, but not limited to, racial, gender and ethnic diversity will aid in efforts to reduce unconscious bias.

Please note, schools/units should refer to school bylaws for additional requirements including, but not limited to, requirement for key administrative positions namely chairs.

2. Charge to the Search Committee
Prior to commencing review of the applications, the convener will charge the committee with its tasks. The charge to the committee should be clear and precise. The charge to the search committee is to develop a broad, diverse, and strong pool of candidates for a position. This is also a moment to gauge the search committee’s understanding of what constitutes inclusion and why they should support the need for a diverse candidate pool. The charge should also include, but not be limited to:

- Undertaking an exercise to clarify the purpose and goals with respect to diversity.
- Reviewing the job description, qualifications, and expectation of the position.
- Keeping all materials and proceedings related to the search committee confidential.
- Reviewing the RBHS Appointment Document, specifically Section II, Recruitment.
- Training on implicit bias including, but not limited to, viewing short videos available via HERC.
- Review resources for asking appropriate questions legally. (See Appendix A)
- A request that Committee members reach out to leaders and professional acquaintances across the country to identify outstanding diverse candidates and encourage them to apply.
- Create a uniform set of questions to ask each candidate regarding their appropriateness for the position, knowledge of the field, compatibility with the Department, expertise and vision for developing the position, scholarship if appropriate, among other standard questions.
• Create a mechanism for uniformly ranking interviewed candidates.
• Create a plan for conducting reference checks, e.g., on-list references by the committee and off-list references of the finalists, if applicable, by the hiring officer.
• Provide guidance regarding the expectations around how and how many candidates should be presented to the hiring officer for review.

3. Search Committees Responsibilities
The responsibilities of the search committee are as follows:

• In some cases, the search committee may participate in the development of the job description.
• Discuss and agree upon the process before the search committee begins the search.
• Decide, ahead of time, if voting will be unanimous or majority, if you will allow absentee votes, or confidential ballots. Confidential voting is a best practice because it protects vulnerable faculty from undue influence and can reduce inter-departmental grudges.
• Discuss if the committee members will present their recommendations ranked or unranked.
• Determine what materials and information will be provided to the candidates in advance of the interview process.
• Identify outstanding candidates from across the country. Best practices indicate that creating a structure and preparing a template for the initial review is beneficial to reducing bias during the review stage. The goal is to have the largest manageable diverse pool for your initial telephone or video conference interviews.
• Review applications: The Search Committee Members can be given guest access to ROCS to view faculty applications for a specific posting. The department administrator may also pre-qualify applicants for the Search Committee. The job posting can also incorporate supplemental, job-specific questions to eliminate those applicants that do not meet the minimum requirements. (Click here for an online training module or click here for a PDF training guide.)
• Select Candidates for Interview: Once applicants to be interviewed are selected by the Search Committee, the department administrator submits the list through ROCS to the Office of Employment Equity who will approve the candidate list for interviewing. Interviews may NOT be scheduled until approval from EEO.

Candidate applications in ROCS are moved in ROCS by the department administrator in conjunction with the Search Committee and/or Department Chair. Once interviewing is completed and a final candidate is determined, the department administrator will move the applications and close the posting.

• To the extent possible, create a uniform set of questions to ask each candidate regarding their appropriateness for the position, knowledge of the field, compatibility with the Department, expertise and vision for developing the position, and scholarship, among other standard questions. Questions which are specific to the individual’s research areas will, of course, be tailored to that individual.
• Decide on the interview format for candidates
o Initial interviews may be done in person or by videoconference or telephone but all initial interviews should follow the same format.

o Final interviews must be done in person.
  ▪ During the final interviews, this may include additional meetings with RU faculty, deans, and leadership.

- Confer and present the hiring officer with the best candidates in no particular order and outline their individual strengths and weaknesses. The committee will take all aspects of the candidate’s characteristics into consideration.

E. Interviewing

The goals of the interview process are to gather information about candidates, create a positive image of the department, school, and RBHS, present a realistic description of the position, ensure that all applicants have been treated fairly, establish adequate records in the event the selection decision must be justified, and, ultimately, to select qualified candidates to present to the hiring officer.

UHR lists the steps necessary in preparing for an interview and conducting an interview on their website.

1. Conducting Interviews Legally

Chairs and search committee members should keep in mind acceptable interview methods and questions. Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 10:5-12 (New Jersey Law Against Discrimination), there are acceptable and prohibited inquiries of which the committee should be aware. It is important to ensure that the information being solicited is not sought for discriminatory purposes against protected category persons. Inquiries that disclose the applicant’s race, creed (religion), color, national origin, age, ancestry, nationality, marital/domestic partnership/civil union status, sex, gender identity or expression, disability, military service, affectional or sexual orientation, atypical cellular or blood trait, and genetic information may constitute evidence of discrimination.

See Appendix A for guidance on conducting interviews legally, including questions that are acceptable to ask and questions that should not be asked during an interview.

2. Reasonable Accommodations for Interviews

Reasonable accommodations for interviews are part of the UHR Hiring Tool Kit in the “AA/EEO Guidelines for Recruitment and Selection” section. Schools, departments and units can find useful information about recruiting and onboarding in the UHR Hiring Tool Kit.

  a. Interviewing Individuals with Disabilities

For more information about interviewing individuals with disabilities, see pages 6-7 of the AA/EEO Guidelines for Recruitment and Selection document.
b.  Interviewing Candidates with Religious Needs
For more information about interviewing individuals with religious needs, see page 7 of the
AA/EEO Guidelines for Recruitment and Selection document.

c.  Protected Veterans and Individuals with Disabilities
For more information about protected veterans and individuals with disabilities see pages 9-10
of the AA/EEO Guidelines for Recruitment and Selection document.

Additional information on Reasonable Accommodations for Interviews can be found in the
AA/EEO Guidelines for Recruitment and Selection of Managerial, Professional, Supervisory,
Confidential and Other Non-Aligned Administrative Staff.

F.  Checking References
Checking references is an essential part of the selection process. Prior to making a hiring
decision you must check the references of the final candidate(s). References provide valuable
information about a candidate's performance, help you rank candidates, and assist in making
the final decisions about which names to bring forward to the hiring officer.

It is required that letters of evaluation are submitted for tenure track assistant professor
positions during the application process. Exceptions must be approved by the Provosts.

The required letters of evaluation are key components in reference checking. The Minimal
Approval Steps Required for New RBHS Faculty chart lists the number and type of letters of
evaluation that are required for each title. UHR provides guidelines to assist in this process.

Committee recommendations might be influenced through letters of evaluation. External
letters of evaluation are written by colleagues and peers in the field outside of the university.
Many times, letters of evaluation are written differently for women and ethnic minorities than
they are for men. It is important to remember this when reading through letters of evaluation.

A good letter of evaluation should focus on the items below. The committee can look for these
in order to reduce bias in reading the letters and also use them when writing letters for
students or colleagues.
- Relationship to candidate
- Skills and abilities of candidate and value judgement
- Research record and value judgement
- Teaching record and value judgement
- Clinical experience and skills and value judgement
- Publication record and value judgement

We strongly recommend off-list reference checks for finalists. These are generally conducted
via phone call.
Checking references does not replace the formal background check. These references may be provided to UHR upon the initiation of the background check to expedite the process.

References shall not be contacted during the selection process without permission of the candidate.

III. The Appointment Process

A. Selecting a Candidate and Making an Offer
All offer must be approved by your campus provost before extending an offer to the selected candidate. The offer letter templates can be accessed on the RBHS Faculty Affairs website. The following materials must be emailed along with the offer letter for Provost Review:

- The candidate’s CV
- The RBHS Faculty Search Completion Form (with all committee members listed)
- The approved RBHS Faculty Recruitment Form
- Any required letters or, a memo with notes taken during reference calls. Offers for Tenure Track Assistant Professors must include letters. However, the final approval package must include all required letters.

Please note, certain offers may require additional levels of review/approval (e.g. the Senior Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs and/or the Senior Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration) per the RBHS Recruitment Policy. If you have a complicated recruit, are seeking RWJBH mission support, or have other unique factors, you are welcomed and encouraged to seek the advice of the Provosts early in the process.

Only once the offer has received all approvals may it be sent to the selected candidate. Once the offer letter is signed and returned by the candidate, the school proceeds with Section B.

B. School Processes
Please note, certain offers may require additional levels of review/approval (e.g. the Senior Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs and/or the Senior Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration). If you have a complicated recruit, are seeking RWJBH mission support, or have other unique factors, you are welcomed and encouraged to seek the advice of the Provosts early in the process.

Schools should refer to the Minimum Approval Steps Required for New RBHS Faculty Chart and the Requirements for Faculty Action Process Chart for elements of the hiring process.

C. Appointments with Tenure
All appointments are governed by the Policies and Guidelines Governing Appointments, Promotions, and Professional Activities of the Faculty “A&P Guidelines”. Refer to pages 6-10 in
the A&P Guidelines for specific criteria for appointments with tenure. The document also provides information on titles, terms lengths, and tracks.

Appointments with tenure require the use of the Academic Reappointment/Promotion Instructions for Tenured and Tenure-Track Faculty with Appointments in RBHS and RBHS Forms 1-5. Review them as they provide a thorough explanation of the requirements and process for appointing faculty with tenure.

Appointments with Tenure require the approval of the Promotions Review Committee (PRC) and Rutgers University Board of Governors; please refer to the schedule to assure that the offer letter appointment date allows sufficient time to complete the approval process. Once the package has been approved by the PRC, but in advance of the review by the BOG, the package should be uploaded to Perceptive Content for the information of the Chancellor.

If the proposed tenured faculty position includes an administrative appointment of Dean or Institute Director, the package may bypass the PRC and go directly to the BOG for approval. In these instances, please contact the RBHS Office of Faculty Affairs for guidance on whether this is an option and how to proceed.

D. Tenure-Track Appointments
All appointments are governed by the Policies and Guidelines Governing Appointments, Promotions, and Professional Activities of the Faculty “A&P Guidelines”. Refer to pages 6-10 in the A&P Guidelines for specific criteria for tenure-track appointments. The document also provides information on titles, terms lengths for Tenure Track appointments.

Documentation for appointments on Tenure-Track must be uploaded by the School’s Faculty Affairs Office in Perceptive Content after school approval. Once uploaded, the Tenure Track package will be reviewed by RBHS Faculty Affairs and the Provosts and approved by the RBHS Chancellor.

E. RBHS Lecturer, RBHS Instructor, and Non-Tenure Track Appointments
All appointments are governed by the Policies and Guidelines Governing Appointments, Promotions, and Professional Activities of the Faculty “A&P Guidelines”. Refer to pages 5 and 10-24 in the A&P Guidelines for specific criteria for non-tenure track appointments. The document also provides information on titles, term lengths, and tracks.

Documentation must be uploaded in Perceptive Content after school approval. Once uploaded, the package will be reviewed by RBHS Faculty Affairs and the Provosts and approved by the RBHS Chancellor.

F. Pre-Employment
In addition to the academic appointments process above, there are a number of pre-employment requirements for new hires. The completion of these should occur simultaneously with the academic appointments process.

Pre-employment processes may vary by school. The following are requirements of the process:
A. **Visas and Sponsorship**
If the candidate requires visa sponsorship (J-1, H-1, O-1) or sponsorship for employment based permanent residency, please visit the [RU-Global International Services website](#) for general information about RBHS policy and procedure regarding these matters. Please be advised that sponsorship must be initiated by the hiring department.

B. **Background Check**
UHR administers a program that provides certain background information on candidates for employment. To initiate this process, schools will identify the “Finalist” candidate in ROCS, then UHR will check eligibility for hire and initiate the Background Investigation (BGI). Once the BGI is completed, UHR notifies the school of background check results by issuing a BGI Certification. References may be provided to UHR at the inception of the BGI to expedite the process.

C. **Liability Claims Clearance**
Liability claims clearance is required for all paid clinical faculty. RBHS schools send the Department of Risk Management and Insurance the prospective faculty member’s CV, medical license number, malpractice insurance, and liability claims history over the past 5 years. Liability claims history is to be provided by the prospective faculty member’s previous employer’s Risk Management Office. Once the histories are received, they are sent to RU Risk Management along with the prospective faculty member’s CV and school-specific data form. Schools will receive notification from the Department of Risk Management and Insurance providing final clearance.

D. **Pre-Employment Physical**
Pre-employment physicals are required for all paid faculty positions. Click [here](#) to review Rutgers policy on Tuberculosis.

[Click here for the Pre-Placement Medical Evaluation form for RBHS Newark Campus.](#)
[Click here for the Pre-Placement Medical Evaluation form for RBHS New Brunswick Campus.](#)

G. **Onboarding**
Once a faculty is approved in Perceptive Content, RBHS schools must send the approved Faculty Transaction Form (FTF) to University Human Resources (UHR) within five (5) business days to be processed in PeopleSoft. Schools should then begin the onboarding process which includes:

- School orientation (varies by school)
- [UHR orientation](#) (including [UHR Benefits](#)) occurs the first available Monday after new faculty start date
- PeopleSoft Self Services Updates (completed by individual faculty member)
- [Parking](#)
- RUconnection Card (identification card)
- [Obtaining ORCID](#)
H. Data Systems Updates

A. Faculty Information System (FIS) Updates
After a faculty appointment has been approved through Perceptive Content, the School Faculty Affairs Offices are responsible for completing the Change Employee ID Form and entering all required data fields in FIS.

B. PeopleSoft Updates
Faculty data that is entered by UHR into PeopleSoft will be automatically uploaded into FIS on a daily basis. These updates will include new hires, current faculty changes in title, compensation, contact information and union information.

I. Resources

A. Toolkits
Higher Education Research Consortium (HERC) Search Committee Training Toolkit

HERC’s Search Committee Training Toolkit introduces search committees to inclusive, equitable recruitment practices. These practices help search committees identify and adopt new actions to aid and supplement your current diversity and inclusion hiring activities.

Hiring Toolkit
University Human Resources (UHR) has developed a Hiring Toolkit and it is posted on their website. The Hiring Toolkit has many resources that are helpful throughout the hiring process. For example, policies, interview tools and recruitment tools are all included in the toolkit. Reference the site as needed when appointing new faculty.

C. Position Descriptions
Position descriptions may vary by school. However, as mentioned in the Recruitment section of this document (subsection D), there are standard components that should be listed in every position description. Review UHR’s sample instructions to get an idea of how the position description should be structured.

D. Diversity Higher Education Job Posting Resources
  - National Association of Medical Minority Educators - NAMME is a national organization dedicated to developing and sustaining productive relationships as well as action-oriented programs among national, state, and community stakeholders working to ensure racial and ethnic diversity in all of the health professions.
  - Spanish American Medical Dental Society of New York, Inc. - The Society’s mission is to unify Spanish speaking physicians and Dentists and to advance their interests.
• **National Medical Association** – NMA is the largest and oldest national organization representing African American physicians and their patients in the United States.

• **The Association for Academic Minority Physicians, Inc.** - The primary mission of AAMP is to help increase the number of people currently underrepresented in biomedical research, academic medicine and ultimately health care delivery and leadership.

• **National Alliance for Hispanic Health** - National Alliance for Hispanic Health is the premier science-based and community-driven organization that focuses on the best health for all.

• **American Medical Women’s Association** – The AMWA’s mission is to advance women in medicine, advocate for equity, and ensure excellence in health care.

• **www.minoritypostdoc.org** - This is the premier web portal for reaching diverse postdocs. Their services help diversify candidate pools for your open employment positions.

• **www.DiverseJobs.net** – This is the job site of Diverse: Issues in Higher Education, a leading resource for the higher education community for over 25 years. The extensive listings posted here include both faculty and non-faculty jobs at post-secondary institutions.

• **www.HispanicOutlook.com** – The Hispanic Outlook in Higher Education Magazine is a long-standing top information source and sole Hispanic educational magazine for the higher education community.

• **www.wihe.com** – The Women in Higher Education website addresses issues affecting women on campus.


• **www.LGBTinHigherEd.com** – This job site is targeted to lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender people within higher education.

• **www.HBCUConnect.com** – The first and largest community for students, alumni, and supporters of Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs) maintains one of the larger online diversity resume databases, with thousands of active resumes and profiles that are less than 90 days old. This site is one of the most fruitful recruiting websites for African-American professionals.

• **www.AcademicDiversitySearch.com** – With women and minorities as the target candidate pool, this nationwide resource is comprised of job posting advertisements, an extensive network and database of professions and executive search firm capabilities.

• **www.abwhe.org** – The website of the Association of Black Women in Higher Education (ABWHE) lists career opportunities.

• **www.aucd.org** – The Association of University Centers on Disabilities mission is to advance policies and practices that improve health, education, social, and economic well-being of all people with development and other disabilities.
Appendix A
Conducting Interviews Legally
(Excerpted from United Educators Quick Tips Newsletter)

Do you know what interview questions you can legally ask a job candidate? What if the individual is pregnant, has a disability, or cannot work on specific days because of religious beliefs? This issue of United Educators Quick Tips provides a concise overview of federal laws on interviewing with particular focus on those with greatest complexity. It also discusses special concerns in the recruiting and hiring of faculty. A handy chart at the end summarizes the guide and covers some additional areas. Remember that this newsletter focuses only on federal laws. Be sure to check with an employment lawyer about state and local laws that may apply in your area.

Do not approach the hiring process with preconceptions about the personal characteristics of the ideal candidate. It is generally unlawful to consider only women, minorities, or native speakers of a language for positions. In well-intentioned but overzealous attempts to diversify, some institutions have committed reverse discrimination by excluding whole classes of people from consideration. Use the interview process to explore the talents that diverse individuals have to offer.

Disabilities
As a general rule, employers may not ask questions during job interviews that are likely to elicit information about a disability. It is best to begin with a job description that includes the essential functions of the position. Interview questions should focus on how a candidate would perform the job rather than whether the person has a disability. After an employer makes a job offer, it can ask more specific questions about a disability. However, the scope of questioning during the interview process is strictly limited, as these examples illustrate.

Don’t Ask
• What is the nature of your disability and what limitations does it place on you? (if the disability is obvious)
• Do you have a disability? (if no disability is obvious)
• Do you need a reasonable accommodation to perform this job?
• Have you ever been injured on the job?
• Have you ever filed a workers’ compensation claim?
• What medications are you currently taking?
• Have you ever been addicted to drugs or treated for drug addiction?

Okay to Ask
• How would you go about performing this job?
• Will you be able to perform all of the job assignments for this position in a safe manner?
• Can you meet the attendance requirements of this job?
• Do you have all of the licenses and certifications required for this job?
• Have you ever used illegal drugs?
Sex and Family Matters

Because of a long history of discrimination against women in the workplace, Congress passed numerous laws that prohibit questions about sex, family status, or pregnancy during the interviewing process. Interviewers should not limit specific questions to male or female candidates only. For example, it is permissible to ask candidates if they are willing to travel for work, but it is illegal to put that question to female applicants only.

Don’t Ask
- Are you married?
- How many children do you have?
- What is your child-care arrangement?
- Are you planning to start a family in the near future?
- Do you have a spouse who would need relocation assistance if you are offered this job?

Okay to Ask
- Do you anticipate any absences from work on a regular basis?
- Have you ever used a different last name?
- Do you have any responsibilities or commitments that will prevent you from meeting specified work schedules or would prevent you from accepting this position?

Age

While it is legitimate for an employer to consider job candidates’ experience, the employer may not consider age unless there is a legal minimum, such as a position serving alcohol. Legal maximum ages, such as the one for commercial airline pilots, are very rare and seldom apply to educational institutions. In addition, be careful not to make stray comments in an interview such as “we are looking for new blood,” which may suggest age bias.

Don’t Ask
- What is your date of birth?
- What year did you graduate from high school or college?
- At what age do you plan to retire?

Okay to Ask
- If you were offered this position, could you establish that you meet the legal age minimum?
- How long do you intend to stay in the position you are seeking?

National Origin and Citizenship

An institution may not discriminate in hiring on the basis of national origin. However, it may ask whether a candidate is legally eligible to work in the United States. If English is not an applicant’s first language, the institution may consider whether the individual speaks, understands, and reads English well enough to perform the position’s essential functions.

Don’t Ask
- Where were you born?
- What is the origin of your last name?
- What is your native language?
- Are you a U.S. citizen?
Okay to Ask
• If offered this position, could you provide verification of your right to work in the United States or apply for F and K category NIH funding?
• Do you speak languages other than English that might be helpful in performing this job?

Tips for Interviewing Faculty

• Many faculty are hired on fixed-term contracts renewable at the end of an academic year. Be careful not to make representations that a candidate could reasonably construe either as a promise that the contract will automatically be renewed or that the term of employment will be different from what is stated in the written contract.

• Avoid stereotypes about what kind of candidate is needed to fill a faculty position. For example, it is illegal to assume that a Spanish teacher needs to be of Spanish or Latino descent. Stick to questions based on the individual’s ability to perform the job.

• In filling regular faculty positions, do not dismiss the qualifications of your own adjuncts and visiting faculty. Declining to give serious consideration to their candidacies can lead to problems. They may argue that the individual ultimately selected had less teaching experience or weaker qualifications. If differences such as gender, race, age, or disability exist, the unsuccessful adjunct or visitor may claim discrimination.

In conclusion, numerous laws regulate the interview process, but a little bit of guidance can go a long way. Remember that this guide covers only federal laws on interviewing, so be sure to check with an employment lawyer in your area about additional laws that may apply. For example, discrimination based on sexual orientation is not illegal under federal law but is prohibited by many states and localities. Overall, we hope these Quick Tips will help you avoid legal pitfalls and find the best candidates to fill positions at your institution.

Basic Interview Guideline Under Federal Law

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM</th>
<th>AVOID</th>
<th>PERMISSIBLE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age</td>
<td>Age, birth certificate, date of high school or college graduation.</td>
<td>Whether candidate meets minimum or maximum age requirement that is a bona fide occupational qualification.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol or Drug Use</td>
<td>Whether candidate is an alcoholic or has been addicted to drugs in the past.</td>
<td>Whether candidate currently uses illegal drugs or has used illegal drugs in the past.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrest Record</td>
<td>Inquiries about arrests.</td>
<td>None (may have a disparate impact on certain minority groups).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citizenship</td>
<td>Whether candidate is a U.S. citizen.</td>
<td>Whether candidate is legally eligible to work in the U.S.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conviction Record</td>
<td>Inquiries relating to convictions that are not relevant to the job being applied for.</td>
<td>Convictions that reasonably relate to performing the job in question. Consider the nature and number of convictions, facts surrounding each offense, and length of time since the last conviction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disabilities</td>
<td>Questions designed to elicit information about a disability.</td>
<td>How candidate would perform the job and whether the candidate could perform the job with or without accommodation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Height or Weight Requirements</strong></td>
<td>Height or weight requirements not related to job.</td>
<td>Height or weight requirements necessary for the job.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Marital and Family Status</strong></td>
<td>Questions about marital status, childcare, number of children, or pregnancy.</td>
<td>Questions about whether candidate can meet work schedule. Ask all questions to candidates of both sexes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Name</strong></td>
<td>Inquiries about national origin, ancestry, or prior marital status.</td>
<td>Whether candidate has ever worked under a different name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>National Origin</strong></td>
<td>Lineage, ancestry, descent, native language, birthplace, and national origin of spouse or parents.</td>
<td>Whether candidate is legally eligible to work in the U.S. and can communicate well enough to perform the job’s essential functions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Race or Color</strong></td>
<td>Complexion or color of skin.</td>
<td>None.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Religion</strong></td>
<td>Religious preference or affiliation, except at religiously affiliated institutions when hiring faculty or ministerial positions that further the institution’s religious mission.</td>
<td>Whether candidate can meet the work schedule with reasonable accommodation, if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sex</strong></td>
<td>Candidate’s sex, where sex is not a bona fide occupational qualification.</td>
<td>Candidate’s sex, where it is a bona fide occupational qualification, such as actor, actress, or locker room attendant.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix B
Recruitment, Onboarding, and Classification System (ROCS)

Requesting access to ROCS:

To set up access in ROCS to post faculty positions the department/unit will need to add ROCS users by contacting the ROCS Administrators via:

- Email/Telephone: ROCS@hr.rutgers.edu or 848-932-4444 with the following information:
  - Departmental code/Z-org
  - Requested Roles (s) – Initiator, Authorizer 1 or Authorizer 2
- Online: Through the System Access Request Application (SARA), a requestor can access rights for the ROCS system for himself/herself or colleagues within a department, unit or school, or request that an employee’s rights be changed or terminated, based on changing job responsibilities. Access is subject to approval by the senior human resources or business administrator within a given hiring department or unit.

ROCS Approval Process

Each school determines the individuals assigned to the following roles in ROCS. The ROCS faculty posting approval workflow is as follows:

- **Initiator**: This role can create a posting and send it off to either the Authorizer 01 or Authorizer 02 for review and approval. This is usually a department assistant/administrator who will not be reviewing applicants.
- **Authorizer 01 (if applicable)**: This role can create a posting and send it off to the Authorizer 02 for review and approval. This role may also receive requests from the Initiator. Note: a smaller department may only have an Authorizer 01 instead of both an Initiator and an Authorizer 01.
- **Authorizer 02 (super-user)**: This role does not have the ability to create a request, however this role may receive requests from either the Initiator or the Authorizer 01 for review and approval. This role is the final approval before the request is sent to the Central Administration Budget Office.
- **Budget (SVP FA)**: This role will review and approve the posting. The request is returned to Authorizer 02 for final posting.

Process after posting and receiving applications:

- **Authorizer 02**: This role sets up Search Committee; reviews applications; creates applicant list to be interviewed; and sends candidate interview list to UHR-EEO
- **UHR-EEO**: This role will approve the list of applicants to be interviewed.
- **Authorizer 02**: This role now can set up interviews for Search Committee. Once interviews are completed and a final candidate is selected, this role can update applicant status and closes posting.